INTRODUCTION

- Mental health issues in college students are a very serious issue.
- There are a lack of mental health professionals and resources provided to help these students.
- Roadmap 2.0 is a mobile health software application that offers activities aimed at fostering positive emotions and thinking to support the mental health of college students.
- The software supports the physical, mental, and social health related quality of life (HRQOL).

Add to my Positive Piggy Bank! O Gratitude Journal	Add to my Positive Piggy Bank! O Coins	Image: Weissing of the second seco
	Share tips on maintaining a gratitude diary, or things for which you are grateful for that others may be encouraged by. 174 posts	Enter New Mood
Savoring Pleasant Activity Scheduling	Acts of Kindness Room Share acts of kindness you are planning, completed, experienced yourself or observed. 24 posts	5/14 5/15 5/16 5/17 5/18 5/19 5/20 Sleep
Random Acts Of Kindness Signature Strengths	Observed Beauty Room Share an inspiring moment of 'awe', beauty in art and skill, or witnessing of beautiful human behavior. 47 posts	5 5/14 5/15 5/16 5/17 5/18 5/19 5/20 Steps
Love Letter	Share your signature strengths, such as creativity, zest, or hope that strengthens your faith.	5/14 5/15 5/16 5/17 5/18 5/19 5/20
Activities Forum Graphs Info	Activities Forum Graphs Info	Activities Forum Graphs Info

METHODS

- Participants were recruited between September 2020 and January 2021, 2,164 students were consented and enrolled at the University of Michigan
- College students (\geq 18 years)
- Participants wore a Fitbit and downloaded the Roadmap 2.0 software application for 3 months.
- In the app, participants actively engaged in eight unique positive activities designed to boost well-being.
 - Gratitude Journaling, performing Random Acts of Kindness, and Savoring life's moment
- Participants completed mental health surveys in the app.
- The app also enables students to self-report mood and self-monitor activity and sleep patterns using Roadmap
- All data was stored on a secure and private server. Descriptive statistics and longitudinal multivariate analyses were conducted with mental health variables as outcomes

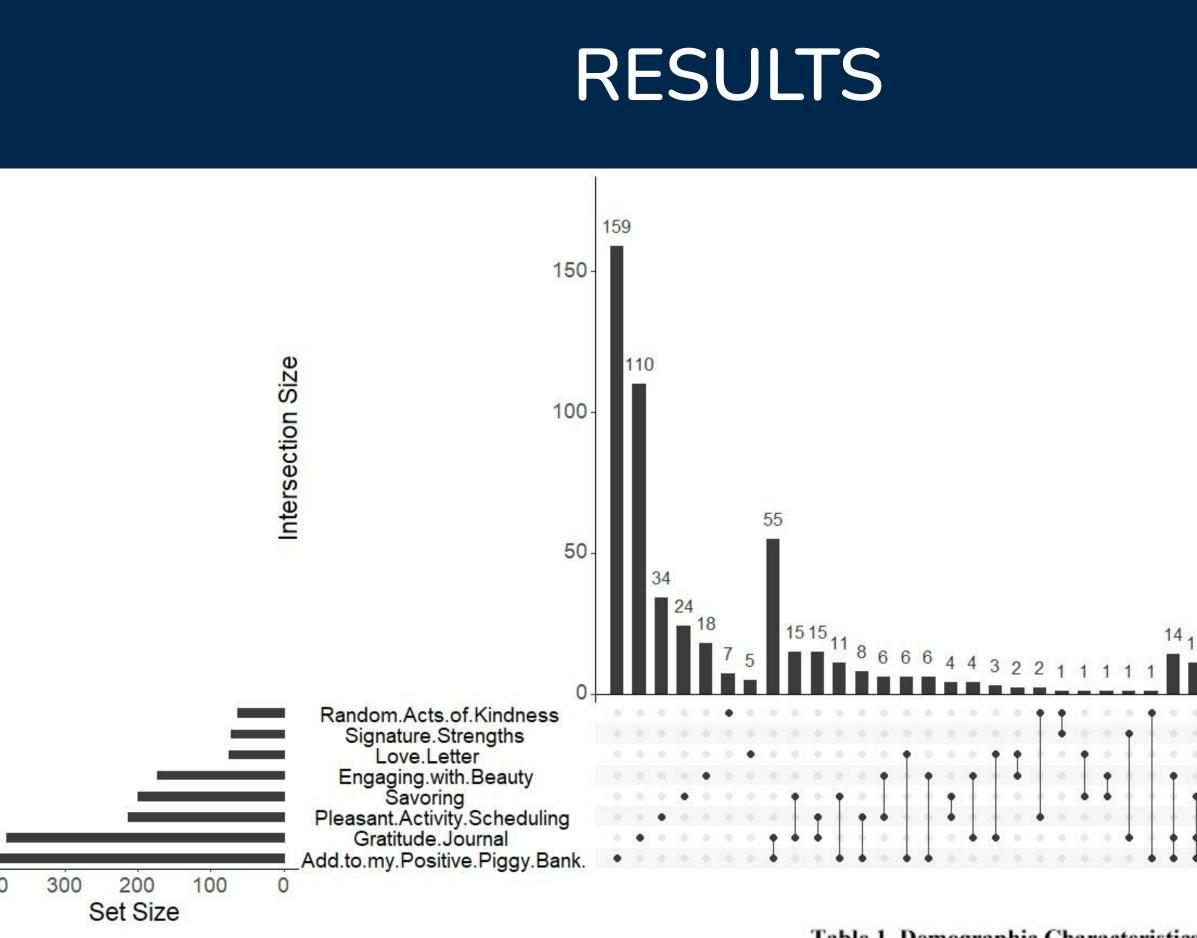
mHealth App Based Positive Psychology Intervention in College Students May Enhance Human Flourishing

Variables Problem Foo Emotion Foo Avoidant Co PHQ Score GAD Score Loneliness Age App Usage School Year Undergr Graduat No longe Gender Female Male Other Ethnicity No Yes Internationa Domestic Internatio Generation Continuir First Ger **COVID** Diag No Yes Mental Con Yes Race White Asian Black AIAN Multi

Other

Skyla Shea; Shira Hanauer; Michelle Rozwadowski, BS; Sung Choi, MD

<u>Purpose</u>: To examine whether the usage of the software application Roadmap 2.0 was correlated with mental health outcomes.



Multimedia Appendix II: Fixed Effects Results from Mixed Effects Model

lia Appendix II: Fixed Effe		Participant Demographics (pop		
	Estimate	P value		
ocused Coping	4.192	< 0.001	Demographics	Ye
ocused Coping	2.266	< 0.001	School year	
oping	-3.395	<0.001	Undergraduate	14
; }	-9.130 -4.138	<0.001 <0.001	Graduate	71
Score	-2.182	<0.001	No longer a student	15
	-1.143	0.079	N/A	1 (
)	9.158	0.003	Gender	- 1
ar			Female	14
raduate	-ref	-ref		
ate	7.699	0.152	Male	67
ger a student	1.894	0.808	Other	11
			N/A	9 (
	-ref	-ref	Race	
	-6.615 5.755	0.217	White	12
	5.755	0.037	Black or African American	94
	-ref	-ref	Asian	65
	1.143	0.215	Multiracial	11
nal Status			Other	39
tic	-ref	-ref	N/A	23
ional	3.355	<0.001	Ethnicity	20
n ing Concration	-ref	rof	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	21
ing Generation eneration	-3.252	-ref 0.570	Hispanic or Latino	21
ignosis	-0.202	0.070	Non-Hispanic or Latino	19
.9	-ref	-ref	N/A	5 (
	-6.663	0.619	Domestic or International	
ndition			Domestic	19
	-ref	-ref	International	16
	-1.041	0.052	N/A	5 (
			First or continuing generation	
	-ref	-ref	First generation	54
	-3.845 -2.345	<0.001 *** 0.064	Continuing generation	16
	-4.915	0.485	N/A	6
	-7.066	0.501	1N/A	01
	-3.955	0.05		
			^a P values are representative of a chi-	square



Table 1. Demographic Characteristics of Study Participants

ulation, n %)
ar I
29 (66.04)
9 (33.22)
(0.69)
0.05)
67 (67.80)
7 (31.28)
(0.51)
0.42)
43 (57.44)
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2 (30.13)
3 (5.22)
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0 (9.70)
49 (90.04)
0.23)
96 (92.24)
3 (7.53)
0.23)
0.23)
l (25.00)

1617 (74.74) (0.28)

are test performed for the entire study population.

RESULTS

- Over half of the students expressed at least mild depressive symptoms
- The three most common activities used in the app were: Gratitude Journal, Positive Piggy Bank, and Pleasant Activity Scheduling
- There were no significant demographic differences among students using the app. However, Black students were more likely to be depressed and lonely than White students; Asian students reported lower levels of anxiety but also indicated decreased flourishing and increased loneliness; and first-generation students, as well as female and gender non-binary students, were more likely to experience higher levels of depression, anxiety, loneliness, and lower levels of flourishing.
- Students who consistently used the app were more likely to experience a sustained increase in mood ratings and decreased anxiety symptoms

DISCUSSION

- Student mental health must remain an essential public health priority in higher education and university-based settings, particularly for marginalized populations.
- While these findings need to be validated in a larger randomized controlled trial, they provide promising insight into the potential of such interventions for emerging adults. In future work, we aim to gain a deeper understanding of underlying mechanisms and to identify characteristics of users who may benefit the most.
- An mHealth app-based positive psychology interventions college students may sustain mood and contribute to human flourishing.

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